## MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION 2025

By: Representatives Hood, Powell, Burch, To: Judiciary A Calvert, Keen, Tubb, Hale, Arnold

## HOUSE BILL NO. 1193 (As Sent to Governor)

AN ACT TO PROHIBIT CERTAIN ACTIONS RELATED TO DIVERSITY,

EOUITY AND INCLUSION; TO DEFINE TERMS; TO REQUIRE THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF STATE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER LEARNING, THE MISSISSIPPI 3 COMMUNITY COLLEGE BOARD, THE MISSISSIPPI STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION, AND THE MISSISSIPPI CHARTER SCHOOL AUTHORIZER BOARD TO ENSURE THAT EACH INSTITUTION, COLLEGE, AND PUBLIC SCHOOL DOES NOT USE CERTAIN FUNDS FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES; TO REQUIRE ALL PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND 7 PUBLIC POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS TO TEACH, PROMOTE, AND 8 DISTRIBUTE INFORMATION BASED ON THE DEFINITIONS PROVIDED IN STATE 9 LAW; TO CREATE EXCEPTIONS; TO REQUIRE EACH INSTITUTION, COLLEGE, OR PUBLIC SCHOOL TO SUBMIT A REPORT TO ITS GOVERNING BOARD BY JULY 10 11 30 OF EACH YEAR SUMMARIZING ALL REPORTED INCIDENTS AND 12 INVESTIGATIONS; TO REQUIRE EACH BOARD TO SUBMIT A REPORT OF 13 INCIDENTS AND INVESTIGATIONS TO THE LEGISLATURE BY OCTOBER 30 EACH 14 YEAR; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 15 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 16 SECTION 1. The purpose of this act is to prohibit public 17 schools and public postsecondary educational institutions from 18 taking certain actions and engaging in discriminatory practices. 19 This act seeks to ensure that employment, academic opportunities 20 and student engagement are based solely on individual merit, 21 qualifications and academic performance, without consideration of 22 an individual's race, sex, color, national origin, or expressed 23

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- 24 opposition to, or refusal to affirm or participate in, diversity,
- 25 equity and inclusion.
- 26 **SECTION 2**. (1) As used in this act, the following terms
- 27 shall have the meanings ascribed herein unless the context clearly
- 28 requires otherwise:
- 29 (a) "Diversity, equity and inclusion" shall mean:
- 30 (i) Any effort to select or influence the
- 31 composition of the faculty, staff, employee or student body by
- 32 favoring applicants based on race, sex, color or national origin;
- 33 (ii) Any effort to promote differential treatment
- 34 of or provide special benefits to individuals in employment or
- 35 admissions based on race, sex, color or national origin;
- 36 (iii) Any effort to promote or promulgate policies
- 37 and procedures designed or implemented to favor individuals based
- 38 on race, color or national origin, except as otherwise permitted
- 39 in state and federal law;
- 40 (iv) Any effort to require trainings, programming,
- 41 or activities designed and \or implemented to compel participants
- 42 to change their beliefs with reference to race, color, national
- 43 origin, gender identity or sexual orientation; and
- 44 (b) "Diversity, equity and inclusion office" means an
- 45 office, division or other unit of an institution of higher
- 46 learning, community college or public school established for the
- 47 purpose of:

48	(i) Promoting hiring decisions or employment
49	practices at the institution, college or public school that favor
50	individuals based on race, sex, color or national origin;
51	(ii) Promoting differential treatment of or
52	providing special benefits to favor individuals in admissions and
53	hiring based on race, sex, color or national origin; or
54	(iii) Promoting policies or procedures or
55	conducting trainings, programs, or activities designed or
56	implemented to favor individuals based on race, sex, color or
57	national origin, other than policies or procedures approved in
58	writing by the institution, college or public school's legal
59	counsel for the sole purpose of ensuring compliance with any
60	applicable formal final finding of the court.
61	(c) "Diversity statement" means a written statement or
62	essay that requires an individual to express their views or
63	commitment regarding issues related to race, sex, color, national
64	origin, gender identity, sexual orientation, or national origin.
65	(d) "Diversity training" means any formal or informal
66	education, seminars, workshops or institutional program that focus
67	on increasing awareness or understanding of issues related to
68	race, sex, color, gender identity, sexual orientation or national
69	origin.
70	(e) "Divisive concepts" are concepts that:
71	(i) One (1) race, sex, color, or national origin
72	is inherently superior to another race or sex;

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(ii) An individual, by virtue of his or her race, 73 sex, color, national origin, is inherently racist, sexist, or 74 oppressive, whether consciously or unconsciously; 75 (iii) An individual should be discriminated 76 against or treated adversely solely because of their race, sex, 77 color, or national origin; 78 (iv) Members of one (1) race, one (1) sex, one (1) 79 color, one (1) national origin cannot and should not attempt to 80 treat others without respect to race, color, national origin or 81 sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, or national origin; 82 (v) An individual's moral character is necessarily 83 determined by his or her race, color, sex, or national origin; 84 (vi) An individual, by virtue of his or her race, 8.5 color, sex or national origin, bears responsibility for actions 86 committed in the past by other members of any class listed herein; 87 (vii) An individual should feel discomfort, guilt, 88 anguish or any other form of psychological distress on account of 89 his or her race, color, sex, or national origin; or 90 (viii) Meritocracy or traits such as hard work 91 ethic are racist or sexist, or were created by a particular class 92 to oppress another class. 93 (f) "Public school" means an elementary or secondary 94 school governmental entity under the exercise and management of a 95

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local school governing board, established to supervise one or more

- 97 public schools within its geographical limits pursuant to state
- 98 statutes. The term also includes:
- 99 (i) Agricultural high schools;
- 100 (ii) The Mississippi School for the Deaf and
- 101 Blind, under the governing authority of the State Board of
- 102 Education;
- 103 (iii) The Mississippi School for the Arts, under
- 104 the governing authority of the State Board of Education;
- 105 (iv) The Mississippi School for Mathematics and
- 106 Science, under the governing authority of the State Board of
- 107 Education; and
- 108 (v) Public charter schools.
- 109 (g) "Public postsecondary education institutions" means
- 110 any state-supported four-year college or university under the
- 111 purview of the Board of Trustees of the State Institutions of
- 112 Higher Learning and any two-year community or junior college under
- 113 the purview of the Mississippi Community College Board and the
- 114 boards of trustees of the community college district to which the
- 115 community or junior college is assigned.
- 116 (h) "Board" or "boards" means either the Board of
- 117 Trustees of State Institutions of Higher Learning, the Mississippi
- 118 Community College Board, the Mississippi State Board of Education,
- 119 the Mississippi Charter School Authorizer Board, the local board
- 120 of education for a local school district, or the governing board
- 121 of a public charter school, or all of them, as applicable.

- 122 (i) "Sex" has the definition given in Sections
- 123 1-3-83(3) and 41-141-3(a).
- 124 (j) "Gender identity" reflects a fully internal and
- 125 subjective sense of self, disconnected from biological reality and
- 126 sex and existing on an infinite continuum, that does not provide a
- 127 meaningful basis for identification and cannot be recognized as a
- 128 replacement for sex.
- 129 SECTION 3. The Board of Trustees of State Institutions of
- 130 Higher Learning, the Mississippi Community College Board, the
- 131 Mississippi State Board of Education and the Mississippi Charter
- 132 School Authorizer Board shall ensure that each institution,
- 133 college and public school, as applicable, shall not:
- 134 (a) Establish or maintain a diversity, equity and
- inclusion office as defined in subsection (1)(b) of this section;
- 136 (b) Engage in divisive concepts as defined in Section
- 137 2(d) and (e) of this act;
- 138 (c) Hire or assign faculty, staff or employee of the
- 139 institution, college or public school or contract with a third
- 140 party to perform the duties of a diversity, equity and inclusion
- 141 office;
- 142 (d) Require, request, or consider diversity statements
- 143 or similar materials from job applicants as part of the hiring
- 144 process, contract renewal process, evaluation or promotion
- 145 process;

146	(e) Give preference based on race, sex, color or
147	national origin to an applicant for employment, or when awarding a
148	contract at the institution, college or public school;
149	(f) Maintain any programs, including academic programs
150	or courses, or offices that promote diversity, equity and
151	inclusion, endorse divisive concepts or concepts promoting
152	transgender ideology, gender-neutral pronouns, deconstruction of
153	heteronormativity, gender theory, sexual privilege or any related
154	formulation of these concepts;
155	(g) Require, as a condition of enrolling at, accepting
156	employment with, or being awarded a contract at an institution,
157	college or public school, or as a requirement of continuing
158	enrollment, employment or contractual obligation at an
159	institution, college or public school, any person to participate
160	in diversity, equity and inclusion training;
161	(h) Penalize or discriminate against a student,
162	employee, faculty, staff or contractor on the basis of his or her
163	refusal to support, believe, endorse, embrace, confess, act upon
164	or otherwise assent to a diversity, equity or inclusion concept as
165	set forth in this section; and
166	(i) Require any "diversity training" as defined in
167	Section 2 or any other policies or procedures that result in any
168	formal or informal education, seminars, workshops or institutional
160	program that focus on increasing awareness or understanding of

- 170 issues related to race, sex, color, gender identity, sexual
- 171 orientation or national origin.
- 172 SECTION 4. (1) The State Department of Education, the Board
- 173 of Trustees of State Institutions of Higher Learning, the
- 174 Mississippi Community College Board and the Mississippi Charter
- 175 School Authorizer Board shall recognize, teach and establish
- 176 policies and curriculum in accordance with the definitions of the
- 177 terms "female," "male" and "sex" as provided in Section 1-3-85 and
- 178 Section 41-141-3(a). Notwithstanding any other provision of law
- 179 to the contrary, the policies and curriculum authorized by this
- 180 subsection shall be adopted and approved as provided by law.
- 181 (2) Nothing in this section may be construed to limit or
- 182 prohibit an institution, college or public school, or an employee,
- 183 faculty or staff of such, from submitting to a grantor or
- 184 accrediting body a statement that certifies compliance with
- 185 controlling state and federal antidiscrimination laws for purposes
- 186 of applying for a grant or from complying with the terms of
- 187 accreditation by an accrediting body.
- 188 **SECTION 5.** This act may not be construed to apply to and/or
- 189 prohibit:
- 190 (a) Programs for Military Veterans, students with
- 191 disabilities or students presently or formerly under a child
- 192 protective services order;

193	(b) Scholarly research or a creative work by students,
194	faculty, employee or staff at an institution, college or public
195	school or the dissemination of that work;
196	(c) An activity of a registered student organization,
197	guest speaker or performer at an institution, college or public
198	school as long as state funds are not used;
199	(d) A policy to limit or restrict freedom of speech
200	pursuant to the First Amendment of the United State Constitution
201	or Section 13 of the Mississippi Constitution or academic course
202	instruction that undermines the duty of a public school, or public
203	postsecondary educational institution to protect academic course
204	instruction, intellectual diversity and true expression provided
205	that none of these protected tenets conflict with the act;
206	(e) Data collection or reporting of demographic data by
207	a public school or public postsecondary educational institution;
208	(f) Student recruitment;
209	(g) Programs, campus activities or certifications for
210	compliance with state and federal laws or applicable court order;
211	(h) An institution, college or public school from
212	requiring or taking action against a student, employee, faculty,
213	staff or contractor for failing to comply with federal or state
214	law;
215	(i) Discussing pathological approaches or experience

216 with students with mental or physical disabilities; or

217	(j) Prohibit a public school or public postsecondary
218	education institution from complying with any applicable academic
219	accreditation standards or requirements.
220	<b>SECTION 6.</b> Beginning in 2026, by July 30 of each year, each
221	institution, college or public school shall submit to their
222	respective boards an annual report summarizing all formal
223	complaints and the dispositions of those investigations and
224	violations. Any institution, college or public school that is not
225	in compliance with the requirements of this act at the time the
226	institution, college or public school files the required report
227	shall provide a written statement explaining its failure to
228	comply. By October 30 of each year, the Board of Trustees of
229	State Institutions of Higher Learning, Mississippi Community
230	College Board, State Board of Education and Mississippi Charter
231	School Authorizer Board shall prepare a report that compiles the
232	reports from each institution, college and public school and makes
233	recommendations for any proposed changes to this act and submit it
234	to the Legislature. The Legislature may call a representative of
235	the Board of Trustees of the State Institutions of Higher
236	Learning, Mississippi Community College Board, School Board of
237	Education and the Mississippi Charter School Authorizer Board to
238	testify before the standing legislative committees with primary
239	jurisdiction over higher education and education, as applicable,
240	at a public hearing of the committees regarding the boards'
241	compliance with this section.

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- 242 **SECTION 7.** (1) Within ninety (90) days of the effective 243 date of this act, the Board of Trustees of State Institutions of
- 244 Higher Learning shall adopt a complaint process, investigative
- 245 procedures, and all other policies and procedures for
- 246 appropriately investigating violations of this act.
- (2) (a) Within ninety (90) days of the effective date of
- 248 this act, the Mississippi Community College Board, the State Board
- 249 of Education in conjunction with Mississippi School Board
- 250 Association and the Mississippi Charter School Authorizer Board
- 251 shall adopt a model complaint process, investigative procedures
- 252 and all other policies and procedures for appropriately
- 253 investigating violations of this act.
- (b) Within ninety (90) days of adoption of model rules,
- 255 every local school board, governing board of a charter school, and
- 256 board of trustees for junior and community colleges shall adopt
- 257 policies and procedures for appropriately investigating violations
- 258 of this act. The State Board of Education, as the governing board
- 259 for state-operated schools, shall adopt such rules for these
- 260 schools.
- 261 (3) Any employee, faculty, staff or contractor, or student
- 262 who desires to assert a violation of this act shall file a formal
- 263 complaint within thirty (30) days of the alleged violation with:
- 264 (a) The local school board of the school district in
- 265 which the violation occurred;

- 266 (b) The governing board of the charter school in which
- 267 the violation occurred;
- 268 (c) The State Board of Education for all state-operated
- 269 schools;
- 270 (d) The board of trustees for the Community College in
- 271 which the violation occurred; or
- (e) The board of trustees of the state institutions of
- 273 higher learning for any state institution of higher learning under
- 274 its jurisdiction.
- 275 (4) Any person under eighteen (18) years of age may bring an
- 276 action under this act through a parent, guardian or next friend
- 277 and may bring an action in his or her own name upon reaching the
- 278 age of eighteen (18) years.
- (5) A person filing a complaint with any board is limited to
- 280 any student enrolled at an institution, college or public school,
- 281 any faculty, employee or staff member of an institution, college
- 282 or public school, any contractor of an institution, college or
- 283 public school, or any parent, guardian or next friend of a minor
- 284 student who has allegedly been harmed by the institution, college
- 285 or public school's failure to comply with this act.
- 286 (6) (a) The respective board shall investigate the reported
- 287 violation or potential violation under the board's procedures as
- 288 established in this act and make a finding within thirty (30)
- 289 days. If the board does not find a violation of this act, they
- 290 shall issue a formal final finding. Such board shall report that

- 291 finding to the person making the complaint and to the institution,
- 292 college, or public school that is the subject of the
- 293 investigation.
- 294 (b) If the board finds a violation of this act, the
- 295 public school or post-secondary institution shall have twenty-five
- 296 (25) days to cure all actions relating to the violation. The
- 297 respective board shall issue a formal final finding to the
- 298 complainant detailing found violation and the curative response
- 299 within twenty-five (25) days of the formal notice. Should the
- 300 error remain uncured beyond the twenty-five (25) day curative
- 301 period, the aggrieved party may file an application for injunctive
- 302 relief to compel the board to cure the error.
- 303 (7) (a) Anyone aggrieved by a formal final finding of the
- 304 governing board is entitled to judicial review thereof, as
- 305 hereinafter provided.
- 306 (b) An appeal de novo may be filed by an aggrieved
- 307 party in the chancery court of the judicial district in which the
- 308 institution, college, public school or charter school is located,
- 309 by filing a complaint with the clerk of that court within thirty
- 310 (30) days of the receipt of the formal final finding of the board.
- 311 (c) The scope of review of the chancery court in such
- 312 cases shall determine if a violation of this act has occurred.
- 313 (d) The appropriate chancery court may award relief in
- 314 the form of an injunction and/or actual damages.

315	(e) Any party aggrieved by action of the chancery court
316	may appeal to the Supreme Court in the manner provided by law.
317	<b>SECTION 8.</b> (1) In addition to all other remedies provided
318	under this act, if a public school or public postsecondary
319	educational institution is determined, through final adjudication
320	of the administrative procedures process and exhaustion of all
321	judicial appeals, to be in violation of any provision of this act,
322	the State of Mississippi shall withhold the disbursement of the
323	following state funds if not cured within thirty (30) days of a
324	formal final finding upon the occurrence of any second or
325	subsequent violations of this act:
326	(a) For public schools, any and all state funds
327	appropriated by the Legislature for the operation and
328	administration of K-12 education, as determined by the
329	disbursement of the state share of the total student funding
330	formula funds to the local school district in violation;
331	(b) For state-supported public two-year and four-year
332	postsecondary educational institutions in violation, any and all
333	funds appropriated by the Legislature for the use, benefit,
334	support and maintenance of such institutions, as disbursed by:
335	(i) The Mississippi Community College Board and
336	the applicable local board of trustees for the respective
337	community and junior colleges; and
338	(ii) The Board of Trustees of State Institutions
339	of Higher Learning for public universities.

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340	(2) Withholding of funds shall remain in effect until such
341	time that the violating entity demonstrates full compliance with
342	the provisions of this act, as certified by the appropriate
343	governing authority and affirmed by the Attorney General or a
344	court of competent jurisdiction.
345	(3) The governing board responsible for disbursement of
346	state funds to any school district or postsecondary institution
347	shall promulgate policies, subject to the Mississippi
348	Administrative Procedures Law, to establish a uniform process for
349	the implementation, enforcement and reinstatement of state funds
350	in accordance with this section.
351	<b>SECTION 9.</b> (1) (a) If any person, parent or guardian of a
352	minor making a complaint under this act is aggrieved by the action
353	or inaction of the respective board, he or she may notify the
354	Attorney General of a violation or potential violation of this act
355	by a state institution of higher learning, community or junior
356	college, public school or charter school by forwarding the
357	Attorney General the complaint filed with the respective board
358	along with the decision of the board and any supporting
359	documentation.
360	(b) After receipt of such notification, the Attorney
361	General may file an application for a writ of mandamus in the
362	chancery court of competent jurisdiction for injunctive relief
363	compelling the state institution of higher learning, community or

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364 junior college, public school board or charter school governing

- board to comply with this act if such entity has failed to cure
  the error with the thirty-day curative period. For purposes of
  this section, chancery court of competent jurisdiction means the
  chancery court located in the judicial district in which the state
  institution of higher learning, community or junior college,
- 371 (2) The appropriate chancery court may award relief in 372 the form of an injunction and/or actual damages. Any party 373 aggrieved by action of the chancery court may appeal to the 374 Supreme Court in the manner provided by law.

public school or charter school is located.

- 375 **SECTION 10.** If any section, paragraph, sentence, clause,
  376 phrase or any part of this act is declared to be unconstitutional
  377 or void, or if for any reason is declared to be invalid or of no
  378 effect, the remaining sections, paragraphs, sentences, clauses or
  379 phrases or parts thereof shall be in no manner affected thereby
  380 but shall remain in full force and effect.
- 381 **SECTION 11.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 382 and after its passage.

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